Hypoglycaemia - Appendix post-hypoglycaemia (For Accident & Emergency Department)

Guidelines to follow post-hypoglycaemia once a patients glucose level has reached above 4mmols.

As stated in the full clinical guidelines, it is important to prevent recurrent hypoglycaemias.

Diabetes Medication with Hypoglycaemia cautions -

- Sulfonylureas e.g. Gliclazide
- Insulin
- SGLT2 e.g. Empagliflozin (if in combination with insulin or sulfonylurea)
- GLP1 e.g. Semaglutide (if in combination with insulin or sulfonylurea)

Once the patient has recovered from a hypoglycaemia event and now glucose levels are greater than 4mmols. If the patient is on the following medication listed above, please consider:

- 1. For the first two hours monitor every 30minutes.
- 2. After two hours monitor hourly for two hours.
- 3. After four hours return to QDS monitor prior to meals and bedtime.

Ensure appropriate access to food (carbohydrates e.g. pasta, rice, potatoes, bread) and insulin vs meal timing.

Review recent pattern of BG results. (If there is a pattern, please consider reducing preceding dose of medication).

If recurrent hypos refer to the Inpatient DSN Team via ExtraMed/V6.