

#### **Key Competency 6: Metastatic Spinal Cord Compressions (MSCC)**

Through discussion, demonstration and observation, workbook completion and Q&A, the healthcare professional must demonstrate;

#### 1.0 Knowledge and Understanding of the Anatomy and Physiology of the Spine

### 1.1 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the gross structure and function of the spinal column, including:

- 1.1.1 Anatomy, structure and function of the spinal column
- 1.1.2 Normal alignment and curvatures
- 1.1.3 Cervical Spine
- 1.1.4 Thoracic Spine
- 1.1.5 Lumbar Spine
- 1.1.6 Sacral Spine
- 1.1.7 Spinal cord
- 1.1.8 Spinal nerves
- 1.1.9 Vascular supply

### 1.2 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the gross structure and function of the central and peripheral nervous system, including:

- 1.2.1 Spinal plexuses (Brachial, Cervical, Lumbar, Sacral)
- 1.2.2 Spinal nerves and distribution
- 1.2.3 Cranial nerves
- 1.2.4 Afferent/sensory pathways
- 1.2.5 Efferent/motor pathways
- 1.2.6 Somatic nervous system
- 1.2.7 Autonomic nervous system
- 1.2.8 Reflex pathway/arc
- 1.2.9 Tone and clonus
- 1.2.10 Sympathetic division
- 1.2.11 Parasympathetic division

#### 1.3 Describe and demonstrate the normal distribution of spinal dermatomes

- 1.3.1 Head and neck
- 1.3.2 Upper limbs
- 1.3.3 Trunk
- 1.3.4 Lower Limbs
- 1.3.5 Sacral region

#### 1.4 Describe Spinal myotomes and demonstrate the innervation and actions of;

- 1.4.1 Upper limb myotomes C4, C5, C6, C7, C8, T1
- 1.4.2 Lower limb myotomes L2, L3, L4, L5, S1, S2, S3



#### 2.0 Knowledge and Understanding of MSCC Pathology and Clinical Presentations

- 2.1 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding through discussion how MSCC effects the spine with reference to:
  - 2.1.1 Spinal stability
  - 2.1.2 The main cancers metastasizing to the spine
  - 2.1.3 The pathophysiology of MSCC
  - 2.1.4 The risk factors for MSCC
  - 2.1.5 Complications of inappropriate care
  - 2.1.6 Pain
  - 2.1.7 Function
- 2.2 Describe and discuss the clinical signs and symptoms of MSCC and their clinical presentations with reference to;
  - 2.2.1 MSCC Red flag signs and symptoms
    - Spinal pain/neck/back (pattern/multi-segmental/band like)
    - Radicular/referred pain
    - Escalating pain which is poorly responsive to treatment/medication
    - Different character or site to previous pain symptoms
    - Increase in back pain when lying flat
    - Sleep disturbance/pain worse at night
    - Altered sensations or heavy legs (multi-segmental)
    - Gait disturbance, unsteadiness/ reduced mobility
    - Neurological signs (muscle/limb weakness/altered reflexes/tone)
    - Bladder and bowel dysfunction
    - PMH/History of cancer/family history of cancer
    - Hypercalcemia
  - 2.2.2 Clinical presentations
    - Complete SCI
    - Incomplete SCI (Anterior, posterior, brown Sequard, CES)
    - LBP with/without radiculopathy
  - 2.2.3 Risk Factors
    - Neurological deterioration
    - DVT
    - Pressure ulcers
    - Chest infection
    - Psychological factors
    - Autonomic dysfunction (bladder, bowel, dysreflexia)
    - Neurological deficits



### 2.3 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the impact MSCC can have on peripheral neurology with reference to;

- 2.3.1 The effects of spinal cord injury or nerve damage on the peripheral neurological system.
- 2.3.2 Reduced power at/below level of injury
- 2.3.3 Reduced sensation at/below level of injury
- 2.3.4 Upper motor neurone lesions and signs (tone, power, reflexes, coordination)
- 2.3.5 Lower motor neurone lesions and signs (tone, power, reflexes, coordination)
- 2.3.6 Specific reference to diaphragmatic innervation
- 2.3.7 Specific reference to enteric (bladder and bowel) innervation
- 2.3.8 The potential effects of cord oedema on the peripheral neurological system
- 2.3.9 Timescale of usual oedema formation, and resolution (soft tissue injury cascade
- 2.3.10 Evaluation the use of peripheral assessment in the diagnosis and conditions/injuries affecting the spine or nerve roots.

### 2.4 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding the impact MSCC can have on the bowel with reference to;

- 2.4.1 The mechanisms of normal bowel function (A&P)
- 2.4.2 Neurogenic bowel signs and symptoms
- 2.4.3 Complications of neurogenic bowel
- 2.4.4 Risk factors
- 2.4.5 Autonomic dysreflexia

## 2.5 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the impact MSCC can have on the bladder with reference to;

- 2.5.1 The mechanisms of normal bladder function (A&P)
- 2.5.2 Neurogenic bladder signs and symptoms
- 2.5.3 Complications of neurogenic bladder
- 2.5.4 Risk factor
- 2.5.5 Autonomic dysreflexia

#### 3.0 Assessment and Management of the Spinal patient with MSCC

### 3.1 Demonstrate knowledge through discussion and EBP the assessment process and rationale of a patient with suspected or confirmed MSCC.

- 3.1.1 Consent procedures
  - Informed consent/ appropriate/alternative types of consent
  - Mental capacity
    - Documentation

#### 3.2.1 Assessment of patients with suspected or confirmed MSCC with/without SCI including;



- Signs and symptoms
- Clinical presentation/observations
- Respiratory function
- Dermatome assessment
- Myotome assessment
- Reflex testing
- Bladder function/testing
- Bowel function/testing
- Co-ordination/proprioception tests
- Mobilisation/gait analysis
- Functional status
- Pain
- Pressure ulcer risk and skin integrity
- Autonomic dysreflexia
- SINS
- Blood tests
- Radiological images

#### 3.2.2 Recognition of increased risks of MSCC complications

- Neurological deficits/deterioration
- Bowel dysfunction
- Bladder dysfunction
- AD
- Paralysis (Reduced functional ability/mobility)
- QOL
- Psychological status

#### 3.2.3 Management of a spinal patient with a suspected/confirmed MSCC with or without SCI including;

- Spinal precautions
- Manual handling
- Spinal protection/bracing
- Respiratory care
- Monitoring of neurology
- Pain control
- Positioning
- Pressure ulcer prevention and skin care
- DVT
- MDT discussion
- Pain behaviours/pain management
- Referral processes (follow up//charities/specialist services/oncology)
- Recognition of contraindications/cautions of assessments and procedures
- Recognition of complications of inappropriate care
- Escalation process
- Treatment plans (surgical/conservative/oncology/haematology)

To be used with EMSN peripheral neurology/neurogenic

bladder/neurogenic bowel competencies and the EMSN neurogenic bowel and AD

care pathways

To be used with EMSN peripheral neurology/neurogenic bladder/neurogenic bowel competencies and the EMSN neurogenic bowel/AD/collar care pathways



- Physiotherapy bed exercises
- Self-care/health and hygiene
- Nutrition and hydration
- MDT interaction and implementation
- Best supported care
- Rehabilitation/ integrated care services/hospice

#### 4.0 Safe Spinal Management of the MSCC patient

# **4.1** Undertake the following procedures safely and in a professional manner through observation and its application into clinical practice;

2	4.1.1	Consent procedures
2	4.1 2	Explanation of assessment procedures to the patient
2	4.1.3	Risk assessments
2	4.1.4	Preparation of required materials/equipment/environment for assessment and
		management procedures
2	4.1.5	Maintenance of dignity and privacy (including use of chaperone if required)
2	4.1.6	Appropriate communication methods
2	4.1.7	Note baseline observations/assessment findings prior to procedures (i.e. BP, bladder
		scan)
2	4.1.8	Taking and Interpretation of baseline observations/assessments
<del>?</del>	4.1.9	Taking and interpretation of post procedural observations/assessments
<del>?</del>	4.1.10	Good hand hygiene and correct PPE
<del>[2</del>	4.1.11	Correct patient positioning for procedures
?	4.1.12	Performance of systemic examination
2	4.1.13	Spinal precautions
<del>[2</del>	4.1.14	Spinal Immobilisation
?	4.1.15	Manual handling procedures
?	4.1.16	Cervical collar management (as per EMSN Collar Care pathway & competency document)
2	4.1.17	Spinal orthotic devices/OT splints
<del>5</del>	4.1.18	Peripheral neurology assessment (as per EMSN Peripheral Neurology competency
		Document)
2	4.1.19	Bladder assessment and management (as per EMSN Neurogenic Bladder competency
		document)
2	4.1.20	Bowel assessment and management (as per EMSN Neurogenic Bowel care pathway &
		competency document)
2	4.1.21	Respiratory care
<del>?</del>	4.1.22	Pain assessment and management
2	4.1.23	Positioning/pressure ulcer prevention and skin care
2	4.1.24	Nutrition and hydration
2	4.1.25	Physiotherapy exercises
?	4.1.26	Function/transfers
?	4.1.27	Graduated sitting and controlled mobilisation



• 4.1.28 Rehabilitation

# **4.2** Undertake the following procedures safely and in a professional manner through observation and its application into clinical practice;

- 4.2.1 Best supportive care.
- 4.2.2 Care plans and documentation
- 4.2.3 Escalation process
- 4.2.4 Appropriate onward referrals
- 4.2.5 Transfer, documentation and repatriation
- 4.2.6 Palliative care/EOL
- 4.2.7 Signposting for support/Charities
- 4.2.8 Co-ordination and implementation of treatment strategies
- 4.2.9 Co-ordination and implementation with other professionals
- 4.2.10 Awareness and implementation of NICE Guidelines for MSCC
- 4.2.11 Psychological support
- 4.2.12 Discharge planning

In line with local policies and procedures



### Appendix 1. Recommended Reading

- National Institute for Health and Care Excellence: Metastatic Cord Compression in Adults: Risk assessment, diagnosis and management. Clinical guideline 2008.
   www.nice.org.uk/guidance/cg75
- National Institute for Health and Care Excellence: Metastatic Cord Compression in Adults. Quality Standard 56, 2014.
   <a href="https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/qs56/resources/metastatic-spinal-cord-compression-in-adults-pdf-2098730535109">https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/qs56/resources/metastatic-spinal-cord-compression-in-adults-pdf-2098730535109</a>
- 3. MASCIP guidelines on manual handling of suspected or actual spinal injured patients https://mascip.co.uk/wp-content/uploads/2015/02/MASCIP-SIA-Guidelines- forMHTrainers.pdf
- 4. The Christie Foundation: MSCC guidelines for professionals

  <a href="https://www.christie.nhs.uk/patients-and-visitors/services/metastatic-spinal-cord-compression-mscc/information-about-mscc-for-healthcare-professionals/mscc-guidelines-for-professionals</a>

  mscc/information-about-mscc-for-healthcare-professionals/mscc-guidelines-for-professionals
- 5. National Cancer Institute: Metastatic cancer

  <a href="https://www.cancer.gov/types/metastatic-cancer#:~:text=In%20metastasis%2C%20cancer%20cells%20break%20away%20from%20where,same%20type%20of%20cancer%20as%20the%20primary%20tumor.">https://www.cancer.gov/types/metastatic-cancer#:~:text=In%20metastasis%2C%20cancer%20cells%20break%20away%20from%20where,same%20type%20of%20cancer%20as%20the%20primary%20tumor.</a>
- 6. West of Scotland guidelines for MSCC 2013

  <a href="https://www.woscan.scot.nhs.uk/wp-content/uploads/2013/08/Final-Published-WoS-Guidelines-for-Malignant-Spinal-Cord-Compression-v2.0.pdf">https://www.woscan.scot.nhs.uk/wp-content/uploads/2013/08/Final-Published-WoS-Guidelines-for-Malignant-Spinal-Cord-Compression-v2.0.pdf</a>
- 7. Guidelines and Audit Implementation Network (GAIN). Guidelines for the rehabilitation of patients with MSCC. Assessment and care provision by Occupational Therapists and Physiotherapists in the acute care sector, 2014.
  - https://www.rqia.org.uk/RQIA/files/cb/cba33182-deab-46ae-acd1-d27279d9847c.pdf
- 8. Macmillan Cancer Support. MSCC resources https://be.macmillan.org.uk
- 9. Turnpenney J, Greenhalgh S, Richards L, Crabtree A, Selfe J. Developing an early alert system for metastatic spinal cord compression (MSCC): Red Flag credit cards. Prim Health Care Res Dev. 2015 Jan;16(1):14-20. doi: 10.1017/S1463423613000376. Epub 2013 Sep 5. PMID: 24008125. https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/24008125/