

APPENDIX A: Risk Scoring Matrix and Guidance

Table 1: How do I assess the consequence?

To enable meaningful assessment of risks and for proportionate responses to be decided upon, planned and implemented, the two main components below must be evaluated:

- The consequence
- The likelihood or probability of the risk occurring

Consequence scores

Choose the most appropriate domain for the identified risk from the left hand side of the table Then work along the columns in same row to assess the severity of the risk on the scale of 1 to 5 to determine the consequence score, which is the number given at the top of the column

Table 1:

	1	2	3	4	5
Domains	Negligible	Minor	Moderate	Major	Catastrophic
Impact on the safety of patients, staff or public (physical/ psychological harm)	Minimal injury requiring no/minimal intervention or treatment. No time off work	Minor injury or illness, requiring minor intervention Requiring time off work for >3 days Increase in length of hospital stay by 1-3 days	Moderate injury requiring professional intervention Requiring time off work for 4-14 days Increase in length of hospital stay by 4- 15 days RIDDOR/agency reportable incident An event which impacts on a small number of patients	Major injury leading to long-term incapacity/disability Requiring time off work for >14 days Increase in length of hospital stay by >15 days Mismanagement of patient care with long-term effects	Incident leading to death Multiple permanent injuries or irreversible health effects An event which impacts on a large number of patients
Quality /complaints/ audit	Peripheral element of treatment or service suboptimal Informal complaint/inquiry	Overall treatment or service suboptimal Formal complaint (stage 1) Local resolution Single failure to meet internal standards Minor implications for patient safety if unresolved Reduced performance rating if unresolved	Treatment or service has significantly reduced effectiveness Formal complaint (stage 2) complaint Local resolution (with potential to go to independent review) Repeated failure to meet internal standards Major patient safety implications if findings are not acted on	Non-compliance with national standards with significant risk to patients if unresolved Multiple complaints/ independent review Low performance rating Critical report	Totally unacceptable level or quality of treatment/service Gross failure of patient safety if findings not acted on Inquest/ombudsman inquiry Gross failure to meet national standards

Human	Short-term low	Low staffing level	Late delivery of key	Uncertain delivery of	Non-delivery of key
resources/	staffing level that	that reduces the	objective/ service	key objective/service	objective/service due
organisational development/ staffing/ competence	temporarily reduces service quality (< 1 day)	service quality	due to lack of staff Unsafe staffing level or competence (>1	due to lack of staff Unsafe staffing level or competence (>5	to lack of staff Ongoing unsafe staffing levels
			day)	days)	or competence
			Low staff morale	Loss of key staff Very low staff morale	Loss of several key staff
			Poor staff attendance for mandatory/key training	No staff attending mandatory/ key training	No staff attending mandatory training /key training on an ongoing basis
Statutory duty/ inspections	No or minimal impact or breech of guidance/ statutory	Breech of statutory legislation	Single breech in statutory duty	Enforcement action Multiple breeches in	Multiple breeches in statutory duty
	duty	Reduced performance rating if	Challenging external recommendations/	statutory duty	Prosecution
		unresolved	improvement notice	Improvement notices	Complete systems change required
				Low performance rating	Zero performance
	-			Critical report	
Adverse publicity/	Rumours	Local media coverage –	Local media coverage -	National media coverage with <3 days	National media coverage with >3
reputation	Potential for public concern	short-term reduction in public confidence	long-term reduction in public confidence	service well below reasonable public expectation	days service well below reasonable public expectation. MP concerned
		Elements of public expectation not being met			(questions in the House)
					Total loss of public confidence
Business objectives/ projects	Insignificant cost increase/ schedule slippage	<5 per cent over project budget	5–10 per cent over project budget	Non-compliance with national 10–25 per cent over project	Incident leading >25 per cent over project budget
		Schedule slippage	Schedule slippage	budget Schedule slippage	Schedule slippage
				Key objectives not	Key objectives not met
				met	
Finance including claims	Small loss Risk of claim remote	Loss of 0.1–0.25 per cent of budget	Loss of 0.25–0.5 per cent of budget	Uncertain delivery of key objective/Loss of	Non-delivery of key objective/ Loss of
		Claim less than £10,000	Claim(s) between £10.000 and	0.5–1.0 per cent of budget	>1 per cent of budget
		2.0,000	£100,000	Claim(s) between £100,000 and £1 million	Failure to meet specification/ slippage
				Purchasers failing to pay on time	Loss of contract / payment by results
Service/ business interruption	Loss/interruption of >1 hour	Loss/interruption of >8 hours	Loss/interruption of >1 day	Loss/interruption of >1 week	Permanent loss of service or facility
Environmental impact	Minimal or no impact on the environment	Minor impact on environment	Moderate impact on environment	Major impact on environment	Catastrophic impact on environment

Table 2: - How do I assess the likelihood?

Using available evidence, consider how likely it is that the risk will occur using the following descriptors:

Lik	elihood Score	Descriptor – how often might it/does it happen			
5	ALMOST CERTAIN	Will undoubtedly happen/recur, possibly frequently	Expected to occur at least daily	>75%	
4	EXPECTED	Will probably happen/recur but it is not a persisting issue	Expected to occur at least weekly	50-74%	
3	LIKELY/POSSIBLE	Might happen or recur occasionally	Expected to occur at least monthly	25-49%	
2	UNLIKELY	Do not expect it to happen/recur but it is possible it may do so	Expected to occur at least annually	11-24%	
1	RARE	This will probably never happen/recur	Not expected to occur for years	<10%	

Table 3: Grading Matrix (NPSA 5x5 Risk Matrix)

Use the table below to identify the Consequence and Likelihood. The risk score is calculated by multiplying the consequence score by the likelihood score.

		Consequence				
		1	2	3	4	5
a)		Negligible	Minor	Moderate	Major	Catastrophic
Score	5 Almost Certain	5	10	15	20	25
	4 Likely	4	8	12	16	20
Likelihood	3 Possible	3	6	9	12	15
	2 Unlikely	2	4	6	8	10
Li	1 Rare	1	2	3	4	5

Consequence x Likelihood = Risk Score

1 - 3	Low risk	4 - 6	Moderate risk		
8 - 12	High risk	15 - 25	Extreme risk		