



This Patient Group Direction (PGD) must only be used by registered healthcare professionals who have been named and authorised by their organisation to practice under it. The most recent and in date final signed version of the PGD should be used.

PATIENT GROUP DIRECTION (PGD)

Supply of a combined oral hormonal contraceptive (COC)

in

Integrated Sexual Health Services (ISHS) Derbyshire Community Health Services

Version Number 2.2

Change History			
Version and Date	Change details		
Version 1 April 2020	New template		
Version 1.1 November 2020	Minor rewording and highlighting of contents cautions section relating to individuals for whom pregnancy presents an unacceptable risk and those on a pregnancy prevention plan. Acute porphyria added to exclusion criteria.		
Version 1.2 March 2022	Addition of vaping/use of e-cigarettes where reference to smoking within PGD. Following exclusion criteria updated from 3-6 weeks to less than 6 weeks: 'Not breastfeeding and less than 6 weeks post-partum with other risk factors for venous thromboembolism (VTE). Clarification of advice for Zoely®		
Version 2.0 April 2023	Updated template – amended references and minor editing and wording changes/clarifications. Strengthened detail on use in individuals requiring control of problematic bleeding caused by the subdermal implant, IUS or medroxyprogesterone injection for up to three months.		
Version 2.1 April 2023	Exclusion added relating to Zoely® only		
Version 2.2 October 2023	Updated PGD development group members. Statement added in exclusion criteria regarding consideration of lactose/sucrose content in individual products.		

PGD DEVELOPMENT GROUP

Date PGD template comes into effect:	December 2023
Review date	September 2025
Expiry date:	March 2026

This PGD template has been peer reviewed by the Reproductive Health PGDs Short Life Working Group in accordance with their Terms of Reference. It has been approved by the Faculty for Sexual and Reproductive Health (FSRH) in November 2022.

Reference Number: 206(S) Combined Oral Hormonal Contraceptive (COC) Nat Template v2.2





This section MUST REMAIN when a PGD is adopted by an organisation.

Name	Designation		
Dr Cindy Farmer	Vice President, General Training		
	Faculty of Sexual and Reproductive Healthcare (FSRH)		
Michelle Jenkins	Advanced Nurse Practitioner, Clinical Standards Committee		
	Faculty of Sexual and Reproductive Healthcare (FSRH)		
Vicky Garner	Deputy Chief Midwife British Pregnancy Advisory Service (BPAS)		
Gail Rowley	Quality Matron British Pregnancy Advisory Service (BPAS)		
Katie Girling	British Pregnancy Advisory Service (BPAS)		
Julia Hogan	CASH Nurse Consultant MSI Reproductive Choices		
Kate Devonport	National Unplanned Pregnancy Advisory Service (NUPAS)		
Chetna Parmar	Pharmacist adviser Umbrella		
Helen Donovan	Royal College of Nursing (RCN)		
Carmel Lloyd	Royal College of Midwives (RCM)		
Clare Livingstone	Royal College of Midwives (RCM)		
Kirsty Armstrong	National Pharmacy Integration Lead, NHS England		
Dipti Patel	Local authority pharmacist		
Emma Anderson	Centre for Pharmacy Postgraduate Education (CPPE)		
Dr Sarah Pillai	Associate Specialist		
Alison Crompton	Community pharmacist		
Andrea Smith	Community pharmacist		
Lisa Knight	Community Health Services pharmacist		
Bola Sotubo	NHS North East London ICB pharmacist		
Tracy Rogers	Director, Medicines Use and Safety, Specialist Pharmacy Service		
Sandra Wolper	Associate Director Specialist Pharmacy Service		
Jo Jenkins	Lead Pharmacist PGDs and Medicine Mechanisms Specialist		
	Pharmacy Service		
Rosie Furner (Working	Specialist Pharmacist PGDs and Medicine Mechanisms Specialist		
Group Co-ordinator)	Pharmacy Service		

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ORGANISATIONAL AUTHORISATIONS

PATIENT GROUP DIRECTION DEVELOPMENT WORKING GROUP

This PGD has been agreed by doctors, and/or expert clinical practitioners, pharmacist and representative healthcare professionals from the trust stated below for use within Integrated Sexual Health Services (ISHS)

University of Derby and Burton Teaching Hospitals Foundation Trust (UHDBFT) and Derbyshire Community Health Services Foundation Trust (DCHSFT)

PATIENT GROUP DIRECTION AUTHORISATION

PGD approved by PGD Working Group on 23rd March 2023 (minor update April 2023 & 23rd November 2023)

This PGD is authorised for use on behalf of DCHS by the following signatories:

Position of signatory	Name	Signature	Date
Deputy Chief Nurse	Jo Wain	J.Wo.	13/12/2023
Head of Medicines Management	Kate Needham	LUked	13/12/2023
Medical Director	Dr Ben Pearson	Benleavon.	13/12/2023
Lead Clinician	Dr Ade Apoola	20 A Apolla	13/12/2023

PGDs do not remove inherent professional obligations or accountability. It is the responsibility of each professional to practice only within the bounds of their own competence and in accordance with their own Code of Professional Conduct. Individual practitioners must declare that they have read and understood the Patient Group Direction and agree to supply/administer medication(s) listed only in accordance with the PGD.

REVIEWED FOR DCHS BY:				
Date Name Position				
March 2023 &	Lisa Walton	ISHS Specialist Nurse Practitioner		
October 2023	Dr Ade Apoola	ISHS Lead Clinician		

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1. Characteristics of staff

Qualifications and professional registration	Current contract of employment within a Local Authority or NHS commissioned service or an NHS Trust/organisation.			
	Registered healthcare professional listed in the legislation as able to practice under Patient Group Directions.			
Initial training	The registered healthcare professional authorised to operate under this PGD must have undertaken appropriate education and training and successfully completed the competencies to undertake clinical assessment of patients ensuring safe provision of the medicines listed in accordance with local policy.			
	Suggested requirement for training would be successful completion of a relevant contraception module/course accredited or endorsed by the FSRH, CPPE or a university or as advised in the RCN training directory.			
	Individual has undertaken appropriate training for working under PGDs for the supply and administration of medicines. Recommended training - eLfH PGD elearning programme			
	The healthcare professional has completed locally required training (including updates) in safeguarding children and vulnerable adults.			
	For advice on additional local training requirements see section 4: Characteristics of DCHS ISHS Staff.			
Competency assessment	 Individuals operating under this PGD must be assessed as competent (see Appendix A) or complete a self-declaration of competence for contraception supply. Staff operating under this PGD are encouraged to review their competency using the NICE Competency Framework for health professionals using patient group directions 			
Ongoing training and competency	 Individuals operating under this PGD are personally responsible for ensuring they remain up to date with the use of all medicines and guidance included in the PGD - if any training needs are identified these should be addressed and further training provided as required. Organisational PGD and/or medication training as required by employing Trust/organisation. 			
The decision to supply any medication rests with the individual registered health professional who must abide by the PGD and any associated organisational policies.				

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2. Clinical condition or situation to which this PGD applies

	0 1 1	
Clinical condition or	Contraception	
situation to which this	Individuals requiring control of problematic bleeding caused by	
PGD applies	the subdermal implant, IUS or medroxyprogesterone injection for	
	up to three months.	
Criteria for inclusion	 Individual (age from menarche to up to 50 years) presenting for 	
	contraception.	
	 Individuals requiring control of problematic bleeding caused by 	
	the subdermal implant, IUS or medroxyprogesterone injection for	
	up to three months.	
	Consent given.	
	A recent, accurate blood pressure recording and BMI should be	
	documented for all individuals prior to first COC supply and	
	repeated for each subsequent supply. In exceptional	
	circumstances, such as the COVID-19 pandemic, where a	
	remote consultation has to take place and it is not possible to	
	obtain a BP or BMI then the 'FSRH clinical advice to support	
	provision of effective contraception during the COVID-19	
	outbreak' or equivalent should be used for assessing whether a	
	client is suitable to receive treatment under this PGD. See	
	https://www.fsrh.org/documents/fsrh-ceu-clinical-advice-to-	
	support-provision-of-effective/	
Criteria for exclusion	Consent not given.	
	Individuals under 16 years of age and assessed as not	
	competent using Fraser Guidelines.	
	 Individuals 16 years of age and over and assessed as lacking 	
	capacity to consent.	
	Established pregnancy. Note - risk of pregnancy with a negative	
	pregnancy test is not an exclusion	
	Known hypersensitivity to an active ingredient or to any	
	constituent of the product - see Summary of Product	
	Characteristics	
	Some COC products contain lactose/sucrose – individuals with	
	rare hereditary problems of galactose intolerance, total lactase	
	deficiency, fructose intolerance or glucose-galactose	
	malabsorption or sucrase-isomaltase should not take these	
	medicines. Where applicable, check product excipients before	
	supplying.	
	 Less than 21 days after childbirth (for deliveries over 24 weeks 	
	gestation)	
	Breastfeeding and less than six weeks postpartum.	
	Not breastfeeding and less than 6 weeks post-partum with other	
	risk factors for venous thromboembolism (VTE).	
	 Individuals aged 50 years and over. 	
	 Significant or prolonged immobility. 	
	Significant of prolonged infinodility.	
	Cardiovascular disease	
	 Individuals aged 35 years or more who currently smoke or 	
	stopped smoking less than one year ago (this includes vaping	
	and the use of e-cigarettes)	
	Dedu Mara Index (DMI) asset to an exact on the a Office/es2	
	Body Mass Index (BMI) equal to or greater than 35kg/m²	

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- Blood pressure greater than 140/90mmHg or controlled hypertension
- Multiple risk factors for cardiovascular disease (CVD) (such as smoking (includes vaping/use of e-cigarettes), diabetes, hypertension, obesity and dyslipidaemias)
- Current or past history of ischaemic heart disease, vascular disease, stroke or transient ischaemic attack
- Current or past history of venous thromboembolism
- Complicated valvular or congenital heart disease e.g. pulmonary hypertension, history of subacute bacterial endocarditis
- First degree relative with venous thromboembolism which first occurred when they were under 45 years of age
- Known thrombogenic mutations e.g. factor V Leiden, prothrombin mutation, protein S, protein C and antithrombin deficiencies
- Cardiomyopathy with impaired cardiac function
- Atrial fibrillation

Neurological Conditions

- Current or past history of migraine with neurological symptoms including aura at any age
- Migraine without aura; when first attack occurred on a method of contraception containing an estrogen
- **Zoely**® **only** individuals with a meningioma or a history of meningioma

Cancers

- Past or current history of breast cancer
- Undiagnosed breast mass (for initiation of method only)
- Carrier of known gene mutations associated with breast cancer e.g. BRCA1or 2
- Malignant liver tumour (hepatocellular carcinoma)

Gastro-intestinal Conditions

- Viral hepatitis, acute or flare (for initiation only)
- Benign liver tumour (hepatocellular adenoma)
- Severe decompensated cirrhosis
- Gallbladder disease; currently symptomatic or medically managed.
- Any bariatric or other surgery resulting in malabsorption.
- Cholestasis (related to past combined hormonal contraceptive use)

Other conditions

- Imminent planned major surgery (COC should be stopped at least 4 weeks prior to planned major surgery or expected period of limited mobility).
- Diabetes with end organ disease (retinopathy, nephropathy, neuropathy)
- Positive anti-phospholipid antibodies (with or without systemic lupus erythematosus)
- Organ transplant, with complications
- Known severe renal impairment or acute renal failure

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	•	Acute porphyria Individuals requiring control of problematic bleeding caused by the subdermal implant, IUS or medroxyprogesterone injection for longer than 3 months (maximum period of supply under this PGD for this condition)
	Me	edicines
	•	Individuals using enzyme-inducing drugs/herbal products or within 4 weeks of stopping them.
	•	Interacting medicines (other than enzyme inducers), including
		any medicines purchased – see Drug Interactions section
Cautions including any	•	If the individual is less than 16 years of age an assessment
relevant action to be		based on Fraser guidelines must be made and documented.
taken	•	If the individual is less than 13 years of age the healthcare
		professional should speak to local safeguarding lead and follow
		the local safeguarding policy.
		Safeguarding: Where there are any safeguarding concerns refer
		to local policies for safeguarding adults and children and/or seek
		advice from the safeguarding lead/team in the organisation.
		Document the concern and outcome in the healthcare record.
		DCHS: Safeguarding adults and children policies on DCHS
		SharePoint.
		DCHS Safeguarding Team: 01773 850000.
		East Midland's Children and Young People's Sexual Assault
		Service (EMCYPSAS): 0800 183 0023 (24-hour service).
	•	Discuss with appropriate medical/independent non-medical
		prescriber any medical condition or medication of which the
		healthcare professional is uncertain.
	•	Individuals taking lamotrigine should be advised that COC may
		interact with lamotrigine; this could result in reduced seizure
		control or lamotrigine toxicity.
	•	Consideration should be given to the current disease status of
		those with severe malabsorption syndromes, such as
		acute/active inflammatory bowel disease or Crohn's disease.
		Although the use of oral contraception is not contra-indicated it
		may be less effective and so these individuals should be advised
		to consider Long Acting Reversible Contraception (LARC).
	•	Individuals should be advised that it is possible that medications
		that induce diarrhoea and/or vomiting (e.g. orlistat, laxatives)
		could reduce the effectiveness of COC.
	•	Offer LARC to all individuals, in particular those with
		medical conditions for whom pregnancy presents an
		unacceptable risk and those on a pregnancy prevention
		plan.
	•	If an individual is known to be taking a medication which is
		known to be harmful to pregnancy, a highly effective form of
		contraception is recommended. Highly effective methods
		include the LARC methods: copper IUD, LNG-IUD and
		implant. If a LARC method is unacceptable/unsuitable and a
		COC is chosen then an additional barrier method of
		contraception is advised. See FSRH advice.

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Action to be taken if the
individual is excluded or
declines treatment

- Explain the reasons for exclusion to the individual and document in the consultation record.
- Record reason for declining treatment in the consultation record.
- Where required refer the individual to a suitable health service provider if appropriate and/or provide them with information about further options.

3. Description of treatment

Name, strength &	This is a list of generic combined oral contraceptive pills.		
formulation of drug	 This PGD does not restrict which brands can be supplied – 		
	local formularies/restrictions should be referred to.		
	 See http://www.mhra.gov.uk/spc-pil/ or 		
	http://www.medicines.org.uk for further information and		
	further brand information including full details of adverse		
	effects and interactions.		
	COC containing ≤30micrograms ethinylestradiol in		
	combination with levonorgestrel or norethisterone is a		
	reasonable first-line choice of CHC to minimise cardiovascular risk.		
	Monophasic		
	Ethinylestradiol 20micrograms and desogestrel 150micrograms		
	Ethinylestradiol 20micrograms and drospirenone 3mg Thinylestradiol 20micrograms and drospirenone 3mg		
	Ethinylestradiol 20micrograms and gestodene 75micrograms Thinylestradiol 20micrograms and decorated 150micrograms		
	Ethinylestradiol 30micrograms and desogestrel 150micrograms Thinylestradial 30micrograms and desogestrel 35micrograms		
	 Ethinylestradiol 30micrograms and drospirenone 3mg Ethinylestradiol 30micrograms and gestodene 75micrograms 		
	 Ethinylestradiol 30micrograms and levonorgestrel 150micrograms 		
	Ethinylestradiol 35micrograms and norgestimate		
	250micrograms		
	Ethinylestradiol 35micrograms and norethisterone		
	500micrograms		
	Ethinylestradiol 35micrograms and norethisterone 1mg		
	Mestranol 50microgram and norethisterone 1mg tablets		
	Monophasic every day		
	 Ethinylestradiol 20micrograms and drospirenone 3mg + 7 		
	inactive		
	 Ethinylestradiol 30micrograms and gestodene 75micrograms 		
	+ 7 inactive		
	 Ethinylestradiol 30micrograms and levonorgestrel 		
	150micrograms + 7 inactive		
	Estradiol (as hemihydrate) 1.5mg and nomegestrol acetate		
	2.5mg + 4 inactive		
	Phasic		
	Ethinylestradiol 30/40/30micrograms and levonorgestrel		
	50/75/125micrograms		
	Ethinylestradiol 35micrograms and norethisterone 0.5/1mg Phasis every day		
	Phasic every day Entrodial valerate 2/2/2/4 mg + dianogast 0/2/2/0 mg + 2 inactive		
	 Estradiol valerate 3/2/2/1mg + dienogest 0/2/3/0mg + 2 inactive Ethinylestradiol 30/40/30 micrograms and levonorgestrel 		
	 Ethinylestradiol 30/40/30 micrograms and levonorgestrel 50/75/125micrograms + 7 inactive 		
Legal category	POM		
Route of administration			
Route of administration	Oral		

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Off label use

Best practice advice is given by the FSRH and is used for guidance in this PGD and this may vary from the Summary of Product Characteristics (SPC).

This PGD includes inclusion criteria, exclusion criteria and dosage regimen which are outside the market authorisation for many of the available products but which are included within FSRH guidance. Specifically:

- the use of tailored COC regimen is outside the manufacturer's licence but is supported by the Faculty of Sexual & Reproductive Healthcare (FSRH). The regimes detailed within this PGD are permitted under this PGD.
- Use for the control of problematic bleeding caused by the subdermal implant, IUS or medroxyprogesterone injection.

Medicines should be stored according to the conditions detailed in the Storage section below. However, in the event of an inadvertent or unavoidable deviation of these conditions the local pharmacy or Medicines Management team must be consulted. Where medicines have been assessed by pharmacy/Medicines Management in accordance with national or specific product recommendations as appropriate for continued use this would constitute off-label administration under this PGD. The responsibility for the decision to release the affected medicines for use lies with pharmacy/Medicines Management.

Where a medicine is recommended off-label consider, as part of the consent process, informing the individual/parent/carer that the medicine is being offered in accordance with national guidance but that this is outside the product licence.

Dose and frequency of administration

Contraception

FSRH guidance states that COC can either be taken following a standard or tailored regimen.

Individuals should be given information about both standard and tailored COC regimen to broaden contraceptive choice.

Monophasic COC products/regimen

 Monophasic COC can either be taken as a standard regimen or in a tailored regimen depending on the choice of the individual.

• The regimens which can be advised are detailed below:

Type of regimen	Period of COC use	Hormone (pill) free interval		
Standard use		-		
Standard use	21 days (21 active pills)	7 days		
Tailored use				
Shortened hormone-free interval	21 days (21 active pills)	4 days		
Extended use (tri- cycling)	9 weeks (3x21 active pills)	4 or 7 days		

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	Flexible extended use	Continuous use (≥21 days) of active pills until breakthrough bleeding occurs for 3–4 days	4 days	
	Continuous use	Continuous use of active pills	None	
	 For the monophasic regimen detailed above a single tablet is to be taken at the same time each day starting on day 1-5 of the menstrual cycle with no need for additional precautions. Individuals should have access to clear information (either written or digital) to support tailored COC use. Monophasic everyday, phasic and phasic everyday COC products/regimens For monophasic everyday, phasic and phasic everyday regimens a single tablet is to be taken at the same time each day starting on day 1-5 of the menstrual cycle with no need for additional precautions. The exceptions to this are: Qlaira®, which should be started on day 1, or if not, additional precautions should be used for 9 days after starting. Zoely®, which should be started on day 1, or if not, additional precautions should be used for 7 days after starting. 			
	Thereafter follo product use.	w manufacturer's instructions for	individual	
	 For all COC products/regimens COC can be started at any time after day 5 of the menstrual cycle if it is reasonably certain that the individual is not pregnant. Additional precautions are then required for 7 days after starting (9 days for Qlaira®) When starting or restarting the CHC as quick start after levonorgestrel emergency contraception, additional contraception is required for 7 days and a pregnancy test should be performed 21 days after the last unprotected sexual intercourse. In line with FSRH guidance individuals using hormonal 			
	contraception s contraception s contraception for Avoidance of p intercourse) sh is 7 days after of pills are missed appropriate to of specific circums For guidance of	should delay restarting their regul- or 5 days following ulipristal aceta regnancy risk (i.e. use of condom ould be advised until fully effective re-starting this method. If, in a cold in the first week of pill taking, it is offer UPA-EC. Discuss with a pre- stance. In changing from one contraceptive	ar hormonal ate use. as or abstain from re. For COC this urrent user, two may be ascriber in this we method to	
	another, and when to start after an abortion and postpartum, refer to the FSRH guidance. Control of problematic bleeding caused by the subdermal implant, IUS or medroxyprogesterone injection. Can be taken as a 21 day cycle/7 day pill free interval or continuously without a pill free interval			
Duration of treatment	Contraception	individual requires COC and has	no	

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	Control of problematic bleeding caused by the subdermal				
	implant, IUS or medroxyprogesterone injection				
Quantity to be supplied	Three months. Contraception				
Qualitity to be supplied	Supply of up to twelve months in appropriately labelled original				
	packs.				
	• For all supplies be aware that the regimen to be taken may not				
	be reflected in the dosage information printed on the product				
	packaging or within the supplied PIL – ensure full details of				
	regimen to be followed are supplied.				
	Control of problematic bleeding caused by the subdermal				
	implant, IUS or medroxyprogesterone injection.				
	Supply of up to three months in appropriately labelled original				
	packs.				
	For all supplies be aware that the regimen to be taken may not				
	be reflected in the dosage information printed on the product				
	packaging or within the supplied PIL – ensure full details of regimen to be followed are supplied.				
Storage	Medicines must be stored securely according to national guidelines.				
Drug interactions	Individuals concurrently prescribed enzyme inducing				
	medicines/herbal products or within 4 weeks of stopping them are				
	excluded from treatment under this PGD and must be referred to an				
	appropriate prescriber:				
	All concurrent medications, including those purchased should be				
	considered for interactions.				
	A detailed list of all drug interactions is available in the BNF or the				
	product SPC and FSRH CEU Guidance: Drug Interactions with				
	Hormonal Contraception https://www.fsrh.org/standards-and-				
	guidance/documents/ceu-clinical-guidance-drug-interactions-with-				
	hormonal/				
	Seek advice from an appropriate clinician/Medicines Advisory				
	Service if required.				
Identification &	A detailed list of adverse reactions is available in the individual				
management of adverse	product SPC, which is available from the electronic Medicines				
reactions	Compendium website: <u>www.medicines.org.uk</u> and BNF <u>www.bnf.org</u>				
	The following possible adverse effects are commonly reported with				
	COC (but may not reflect all reported adverse effects):				
	Nausea				
	Breast tenderness				
	Headache and migraine				
	Temporary disturbances of bleeding patterns				
	Change in mood including depression Fluid retention				
	Fluid retentionChange in libido				
	Skin changes including acne				
	Skiii shangss insidding dons				
	Serious adverse effects - these are less common but the risks should				

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	be discussed with the individual:				
	Venous thromboembolic events Arterial thromboembolic discarders (in alluding inches prin heart)				
	 Arterial thromboembolic disorders (including ischaemic heart disease) 				
	 Strokes (e.g. transient ischaemic attack, ischaemic stroke, 				
	haemorrhagic stroke)				
	Hypertension				
Management of and	Healthcare professionals and individuals/carers are encouraged				
reporting procedure for	to report suspected adverse reactions to the Medicines and				
adverse reactions	Healthcare products Regulatory Agency (MHRA) using the				
	Yellow Card reporting scheme on: http://yellowcard.mhra.gov.uk				
	 Record all adverse drug reactions (ADRs) in the individual's 				
	clinical record.				
	Report via organisation incident policy.				
Written information and	Provide patient information leaflet (PIL) provided with the original				
further advice to be	pack.				
given to individual	 Individuals should be informed about the superior effectiveness of LARC. 				
	Individuals should be provided with written information or a link to				
	a trusted online resource to support safe, effective COC use.				
	Explain mode of action, side effects, and benefits of the				
	medicine.				
	Advise about the risks of the medication, including failure rates				
	and serious side effects and the actions to be taken noting that the risks of using COC could outweigh the benefits.				
	Serious symptoms: the individual should stop taking the COC				
	and seek medical help urgently if they experience calf swelling,				
	heat or pain in the calf, shortness of breath, chest pain or				
	haemoptysis. The individual should seek advice if they				
	experience their first ever migraine or develops aura with existing migraine.				
	Individuals should be advised that current use of COC is				
	associated with a small increased risk of breast cancer which				
	reduces with time after stopping COC				
	Individuals should be advised that current use of COC for more				
	than 5 years is associated with a small increased risk of cervical				
	cancer; the risk of which reduces over time after stopping COC				
	 and is no longer increased by about 10 years after stopping. Individuals should be advised that current use of COC is 				
	Individuals should be advised that current use of COC is associated with an increased risk of VTE/ATE.				
	 Individuals using COC should be advised about reducing periods 				
	of immobility during travel.				
	 Individuals trekking to high altitudes (above 4500m or 14500 				
	feet) for periods of more than 1 week may be advised to consider				
	switching to a safer alternative contraceptive method.				
	Individuals should be advised to stop COC and to switch to an				
	alternative contraceptive method at least 4 weeks prior to				
	planned major surgery or expected periods of limited mobility.				
	 Advise on action if vomiting or severe diarrhoea occurs and missed pill advice - see <u>FSRH guidance</u>. Advise that non enzyme inducing antibiotics do not interact with 				
	COC and if these are prescribed COC should be continued as				
	normal with no additional precautions required.				

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	 Offer condoms and advice on safer sex practices and possible need for screening for sexually transmitted infections (STIs) Ensure the individual has contact details of local services/sexual health services. Advise individual to seek advice from a pharmacist, doctor or other prescriber before starting any new medications including those purchased. 			
Advice / follow up	The individual should be advised to seek medical advice in the			
treatment	 event of an adverse reaction. The individual should be encouraged to tell all clinicians that they are taking the supplied medication in the event of other medication/s being prescribed. The individual should seek further advice if they have any concerns. Review annually. 			
Records	Record:			
	 The consent of the individual and If individual is under 13 years of age record action taken If individual is under 16 years of age document capacity using Fraser guidelines. If not competent record action taken. If individual over 16 years of age and not competent, record action taken If individual not treated under PGD record action taken Name of individual, address, date of birth GP contact details where appropriate Relevant past and present medical and sexual history, including medication history. Examination or microbiology finding/s where relevant. Any known allergies and nature of reaction Name of registered health professional Name of medication supplied Date of supply Dose supplied Quantity supplied including batch number and expiry date Advice given about the medication including side effects, benefits, and when and what to do if any concerns Advice given, including advice given if excluded or declines treatment Details of any adverse drug reactions and actions taken Any referral arrangements made Any supply outside the terms of the product marketing authorisation Records should be signed and dated (or a password controlled e- 			
	records) and securely kept for a defined period in line with local policy. All records should be clear, legible and contemporaneous. A record of all individuals receiving treatment under this PGD should			
	 Any known allergies and nature of reaction Name of registered health professional Name of medication supplied Date of supply Dose supplied Quantity supplied including batch number and expiry date Advice given about the medication including side effects, benefits, and when and what to do if any concerns Advice given, including advice given if excluded or declines treatment Details of any adverse drug reactions and actions taken Any referral arrangements made Any supply outside the terms of the product marketing authorisation Recorded that supplied via Patient Group Direction (PGD) Records should be signed and dated (or a password controlled erecords) and securely kept for a defined period in line with local policy. All records should be clear, legible and contemporaneous. 			

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4. Characteristics of DCHS ISHS Staff

Qualifications	A registered nurse working within ISHS who is deemed competent by their clinical line manager and authorised by their professional lead to undertake the clinical assessment of a patients leading to the identification of those suitable for management under this PGD.
Additional Local Training	Has undertaken the local training programme on the process, responsibilities and scope of PGDs.
	Has undertaken local training based on the use of this PGD.
	Has undertaken training in recognition of and treatment of anaphylaxis including basic life support in the 12 months.
	Has undertaken Safeguarding Children Level 3 training in the last 12 months.
	Has undertaken Safeguarding Adults Level 2 training in the last 3 years.
Continuing Training & Education	Evidence of Continuing Professional Development (CPD) in ISHS nurse role.
	The nurse should be aware of any change to the recommendations for the medicines listed.
	It is the responsibility of the individual to keep up-to-date with continued professional development and to work within the limitations of individual scope of practice.

5. Key references

Key references	•	Electronic Medicines Compendium http://www.medicines.org.uk/			
(accessed September	•	Electronic BNF https://bnf.nice.org.uk/			
2022, September 2023)		NICE Medicines practice guideline "Patient Group Directions"			
		https://www.nice.org.uk/guidance/mpg2			
	•	Faculty of Sexual and Reproductive Healthcare (2019, amended			
		2020) Combined Hormonal Contraception			
		https://www.fsrh.org/standards-and-			
		guidance/documents/combined-hormonal-contraception/			
	•	FSRH CEU Guidance: Drug Interactions with Hormonal			
		Contraception (May 2022) FSRH CEU Guidance: Drug			
		Interactions with Hormonal Contraception (May 2022) - Faculty of			
		Sexual and Reproductive Healthcare			
	•	Faculty of Sexual and Reproductive Healthcare (2019, amended			
		November 2020) Combined Hormonal Contraception			
		https://www.fsrh.org/standards-and-			
		guidance/documents/combined-hormonal-contraception/			
	•	Faculty of Sexual and Reproductive Healthcare (2016, amended			
		2019) UK Medical Eligibility Criteria for Contraceptive Use.			
		https://www.fsrh.org/documents/ukmec-2016/			
	•	Faculty of Sexual and Reproductive Healthcare Clinical Guideline:			
		Quick Starting Contraception (April 2017)			

Reference Number: 206(S) Combined Oral Hormonal Contraceptive (COC) Nat Template v2.2





•	https://www.fsrh.org/standards-and-guidance/current-clinical-guidance/quick-starting-contraception/ FSRH Clinical Guideline: Problematic Bleeding with Hormonal Contraception (July 2015) https://www.fsrh.org/standards-and-guidance/documents/ceuguidanceproblematicbleedinghormonalcontraception/
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Reference Number: 206(S) Combined Oral Hormonal Contraceptive (COC) Nat Template v2.2 Valid from: December 2023
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Appendix A - Registered health professional authorisation sheet

PGD Name/Version: 206(S) Combined Oral Hormonal Contraceptive (COC) Nat Template v2.2

Valid from: December 2023 Expiry: 31 March 2026

Before signing this PGD, check that the document has had the necessary authorisations. Without these, this PGD is not lawfully valid.

Registered health professional

By signing this patient group direction you are indicating that you agree to its contents and that you will work within it.

Patient group directions do not remove inherent professional obligations or accountability.

It is the responsibility of each professional to practise only within the bounds of their own competence and professional code of conduct.

I confirm that I have read and understood the content of this Patient Group Direction and that I am willing and competent to work to it within my professional code of conduct.			
Name	Designation	Signature	Date

Authorising manager

I confirm that the registered health professionals named above have declared themselves suitably trained and competent to work under this PGD. I give authorisation on behalf of Derbyshire Community Health Services for the above named health care professionals who have signed the PGD to work under it.

Name	Designation	Signature	Date

Note to authorising manager

Score through unused rows in the list of registered health professionals to prevent additions post managerial authorisation.

This authorisation sheet should be retained to serve as a record of those registered health professionals authorised to work under this PGD.

PGD Authorisation Forms shall be maintained and retained by the Service Manager who is responsible for the safe storage of the records.

Reference Number: 206(S) Combined Oral Hormonal Contraceptive (COC) Nat Template v2.2