

# Pain Management - Adults - Summary Clinical Guideline

Reference No. CG-PM/788/24

Guidelines for the Management of Pain in Adults
Analgesic Stepladder

# Prescribe analgesia regularly

Use "prn" prescribing for breakthrough pain only

### **PAIN SCORE 1**

'Mild Pain'

Paracetamol 1g 4 – 6 hrly PO/IV

Max. 4g per day

+/-NSAID

eg Ibuprofen 400mgs TDS orally

## **NSAID's WARNING**

Refer to BNF Section 10.1.1

#### NSAID's are contraindicated in patients with:

Known Aspirin or NSAID sensitivity History of Aspirin sensitive Asthma

History of GI Bleed / ulceration

Anticipated major haemorrhage

Bleeding disorders / taking anticoagulant therapy

#### Use with caution in:

Renal / cardiac / hepatic impairment,

Asthmatics, history of indigestion. Hiatus Hernia,

Recent acute bony injury,

Elderly patients - consider PPI

Pregnancy (seek advice),

Porphyria (seek advice),

### **PAIN SCORE 2**

'Moderate Pain'

Tramadol 50-100mg PO QDS\*

Or

Oramorph 10-20mg PO QDS

(limit regular prescription to 5 days)

Or

Codeine Phosphate 30mgs – 60mgs PO QDS

Paracetamol 1g PO/IV/PR + / - NSAID

## **PAIN SCORE 3**

'Severe pain'

- Subcutaneous Morphine
- Oral Morphine (See Guidelines)

PCA & IV Morphine by competency trained staff only

Paracetamol 1g PO/IV/PR

+ / - NSAID

**Tramadol contra-indications:** uncontrolled epilepsy; acute porphyria. Increased risk of CNS toxicity when given with SSRIs or Tricyclics.

\*Renal Dose: If GFR<20ml/min give tramadol 100mg BD. If GFR<10ml/min then avoid

- Consider 'simple interventions' i.e. patients' comfort needs eg position, full bladder etc.
- Consider age, weight, clinical / drug history when prescribing
- Consider other types of pain & treat accordingly eg neuropathic, spasmodic/colic, wind pain
- Seek medical or appropriate Pain Team advice if unsure about medication, or pain persists
- See individual specific treatment guidelines, eg IV Morphine, PCA, SC Morphine/Pethidine
- Entonox should be considered for procedural pain (see guidelines)

PAIN SCORES AND INTERVENTIONS MUST BE RECORDED AND EVALUATED ON A PAIN CHART / OBSERVATION CHART / EWS OR IN PATIENTS NOTES