

Pregnancy Assessment & Maternity Assessment - Full Clinical Guideline

UHDB/PDC/08:21/P7

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1. <u>Introduction</u>

The Maternity Assessment Unit (MAU) at Queens Hospital, Burton, and the Pregnancy Assessment Unit (PAU) at Royal Derby Hospital provide a 24-hour triage and assessment service for urgent problems in pregnancy. Patients can either self-refer to the service or be referred by health care providers such as community midwives, G.P.'s and doctors.

Women that require clinical assessment +/- intervention can attend the Maternity /Pregnancy Assessment Units as an emergency or planned appointment.

2. Abbreviations

ANC	-	Antenatal Clinic
APH	-	Ante partum Haemorrhage
CMW	-	Community Midwife
CRP	-	C Reactive Protein
CS	-	Caesarean Section
CTG	-	Cardiotocograph
ECG	-	Electrocardiograph
FBC	-	Full Blood Count
FH	-	Foetal Heart
G&S	-	Group and Save
HVS	-	High Vaginal Swab
IUGR	-	Intrauterine Growth Restriction
LAU	-	Labour Assessment Unit
MSU	-	Mid Stream Urine
NICE	-	National Institute of Clinical Excellence
PAU	-	Pregnancy Assessment Unit
PCR	-	Protein Creatinine Ratio
PDC	-	Pregnancy Day Care
PPROM	-	Preterm Prelabour Rupture of Membranes
PV	-	Per Vaginum

Suitable for printing to guide individual patient management but not for storage Review Due: July 2024

ROM - Rupture of Membranes

SROM - Spontaneous Rupture of Membranes

USS - Ultrasound Scan
UTI - Urinary Tract Infection

3. Documentation

Ensure all assessments and individual plans of care are documented clearly in the medical records, the maternity handheld records and if appropriate the maternity clinical system special instructions page.

PAU - Midwives are requested to use the Pregnancy Assessment Tool for all women attending as an urgent admission or alternatively use the Pro-forma for Required Management of altered foetal Movements for all women attending with perception of altered (reduced, changed or absent) foetal movements.

For both tools the front page is designed to be used for the initial assessment on arrival and to then document a plan of care for this visit (i.e. need of CTG, blood tests or other plans). An initial assessment to prioritise care will be due ideally within 15 minutes of arrival.

All care following at a later stage or directly following the initial assessment can be documented on the back and is designed to provide an overview of the visit completed by midwives. Medical staff should document their review if applicable in the handheld records as well as on the white medical notes.

In case of planned visits, documentation should be completed in the medical notes with a short summary in the handheld records prior to discharge.

MAU – The telephone log sheet (Appendix 2) continues to form part of the initial assessment and has space for contemporaneous record keeping. The Pro- forma for reduced foetal movements is also completed as appropriate. Either a ward attendance or admission is completed on Meditech V6 dependant on the outcome of the appointment. A copy of this is printed and attached to the handheld records.

4. Telephone Logs

PAU - Maternity Triage Call log in Lorenzo is completed to document every phone call to PAU and includes details of the person calling/answering, reason for calling, medical details and advice provided.

MAU - individual patient telephone log sheet is used to record phone calls to MAU and includes details of the person calling/answering, reason for calling, medical details and advice provided. Following completion these are then filed into the medical records.

5. <u>Initial Assessment on Arrival</u>

The initial midwifery assessment should be completed within 15 minutes of arrival for all women attending as an urgent admission (does not include women that have an appointment).

Completing this initial assessment can be a rapid process with the aim to establish clinical urgency to prioritise care. Define a plan of care for this admission based on the specific details for the reason for attending MAU/ PAU, including specific investigations to be carried out (i.e. for CTG, serology, BP profile), doctors review etc.

If clinical urgency allows (i.e. normal observations, normal movements, no active bleeding etc) the women can return to the waiting room until a midwife is available to continue care according to the care plan.

The Obstetric Triage Proforma must be completed during this initial assessment. The RAG rating should be highlighted on the triage board in the handover office.

Based on this initial RAG score - An obstetric review should be completed within the following time scales:

Red - Obstetric review within 5-15 mins from request.

Amber - Obstetric review within 30-60 mins from request depending on clinical scenario. Green - Obstetric review within max 4 hours from the request (aim for within 2 hours).

6. Investigations, Medical Review and Discharge

Use the back of the documentation tool/V6 admission template/medical records to document all investigations carried out and communication with medical staff if applicable. Use the appropriate CTG sticker to review a CTG.

Situations where discharge can be considered without review by medical staff (this is not meant as a complete list covering all possibilities, please follow appropriate clinical guidelines):

- 1st episode of altered foetal movements in the absence of any risk factors (including any risk factors on the SGA risk assessment tool) if normal CTG and normal perception of foetal movements on admission prior to discharge
- Hypertension only when all following criteria are met:
 - Biochemistry and haematology within accepted ranges for gestation.
 - Urinalysis shows no greater than a trace of protein.
 - Blood pressure settled to normal ranges (see full guideline)
 - o If plan of care already in place and woman's condition remains stable.
 - No other signs of changed well being
- Abdominal pain only when all following criteria are met:
 - Pain resolved
 - All findings within normal ranges
 - ≥ 37 weeks gestational age
 - Normal perception of foetal movements
 - No PV bleeding
- Foetal Tachycardia when all following criteria are met:
 - Normal CTG
 - No signs of infection
 - Normal perception of foetal movements
 - All findings within normal ranges
- Prelabour ruptured membranes only when all following criteria are met:
 - Low risk pregnancy ≥37 weeks gestational age
 - o All findings within normal ranges
 - No signs of infection
 - Normal perception of foetal movements
- Minor trauma only when all following criteria are met:
 - All findings within normal ranges
 - Pain resolved if applicable
 - Normal perception of foetal movements
 - No PV bleeding

When ready for discharge please check and document:

- Is the next appointment with the CMW or in ANC within a suitable timeframe
- Confirm with medical staff if suitable for MLC on discharge
- Has an ultrasound scan been arranged if needed
- Has advise on altered foetal movements been re-iterated

6.1 Medical review:

This list is not exhaustive covering all possibilities and refer to the specific guidelines. Registrar/consultant should review situations such as CTG abnormality, suspected preterm labour in twin pregnancies, confirmed preterm prelabour rupture of membranes, scar pain, persistent abdominal pain, see women with recurrent reduced foetal movements.

7. Specific Care Elements and Investigations

Please see the clinical guidelines for guidance on care for women presenting with the following:

- Obstetric Cholestasis
- Hypertension
- Foetal Tachycardia or arrhythmias (foetal monitoring guideline)
- Antepartum Haemorrhage

- Genital tract
- Hyperemesis
- Preterm labour and Preterm Prelabour rupture of membranes
- Altered foetal movements (changed, reduced or absent)
- Suspected Venous Thromboembolism (VTE)
- UTI in pregnancy
- Early labour at term
- Prelabour rupture of membranes ≥37 weeks gestational age

7.1 Abdominal Pain

Women presenting with abdominal pain require assessment and observation.

The following women require immediate admission to Labour Ward (RDH site):-

- Regular painful contractions (established labour/needing analgesia see Care of Women in Labour guideline
- o Tender/tense uterus
- o Tenderness over previous CS scar

QHB site – as above once labour has established to be transferred to Delivery Suite when bed availability or assessed by doctor for transfer with other above.

Management

All women presenting with abdominal pain who are not in labour should have a full assessment of maternal and foetal wellbeing and an obstetric review

- . Additional investigations to be considered
 - o Ultrasound if clinically appropriate
 - o MSU to be sent for lab analysis according to UTI in pregnancy guideline

7.2 Minor Trauma

Assessment of foetal wellbeing may be required following a fall/minor road traffic incident/trauma to the abdomen. The woman will require an antenatal assessment including examination and documented. This can be undertaken by the midwife.

Additional investigations to be considered:

- A CTG
- If the woman's blood group is rhesus negative a Kleihauer must be taken. The woman must stay on the assessment unit until the blood bank has determined if Anti D is required or not. If Anti D is required this must be administered before the woman is discharged home.
- FBC if cause of fall appears to be secondary to a faint.

Raise awareness in checking for foetal movements

Medical review is needed for the woman if any deviation from the norm identified e.g. CTG/maternal observations otherwise can be discharged by the midwife. Appropriate follow up should be confirmed – may be suitable to attend an already arranged appointment either with their MW or in ANC, if no suitable appointment arranged this will need to be organised prior to discharge home.

7.3 Shortness of Breath or Chest Pain

Women calling with the above symptoms should be advised to attend ED

7.4 Postnatal readmission

<u>PAU</u>

All women presenting for postnatal review will have been referred to PAU via an obstetric registrar bleep 2206.

All postnatal readmissions will require senior medical review and are not for midwife or junior doctor discharge.

MAU

Direct to ward 11 and bleep 620

MAU/PAU - If query sepsis use Maternity Sepsis tool (Appendix C). If Sepsis 6 triggered; for urgent transfer to Labour ward/HDU and refer to 'babies readmitted with mother' clinical guideline as baby will be at increased risk.

7.5 Postnatal feed query telephone call

When a telephone feeding query is received appendix 4 – an assessment form must be completed "Maternity Telephone Log – Postnatal Infant Enquires" to ensure the wellbeing of babies by appropriate screening and management of feeding issues in new-born babies. is made and the baby if directed into the appropriate service within a prompt time frame. This needs to be considered with the Trust Policy for infant feeding.

The time frame that this assessment cover is from transfer home from hospital until the time of transfer to the Health Visitor, however individual consideration needs to be given to all telephone calls received out of this time frame.

Enable all staff, irrespective of role, to:

- Recognise when the feeding pattern/behaviour of the baby deviates from a well-baby and requires a medical review
- Support women to feed their babies effectively

PREGNANCY ASSESSMENT TOOL							
Name: Date of birth: Hospital number:					Arrival in PAU: Referred from: Midwife: Consultant: Previous PAU admissions:		
Date	Time	Grav/Par	EDD	Gestation	BlGr/Rh	Allergies	BMI
Reason for admission:							
Vaginal loss					Pain:		
Risk factors	Pre-existin	g			Identified in t	this pregnancy	
Obstetric							
Medical	Medical						
Lifestyle (include smoking, alcohol,safeguardii	ng)						
Blood pressure		Resp rate:	: Tempe	erature	Saturations:	Urinalysis	Oedema
	ВРМ	/r	min	°C	%		
SFH (i/a)	Pres / lie:	PP to brim			Foetal Heart rate	e (Pinnard or handh	eld Doppler):
cm			moven	nents.		BPW	I
Signs of infection: NO YES Amber or Red scores on Meows: NO YES: Consider SEPSIS if signs of infection, foetal tachycardia or unwell							
Comments:							
Plan of care: CTG indicated: NO YES Medical review indicated: NO Yes, level: Name: Designation: Signature:							

Patient Name: Hospital Number:
Notes:
Care on discharge: MLC / CLC Next appointment: Date: Location:
Ultrasound scan appointment: Yes: date: N/A
Medical review completed: Yes, level

MATTL	T	ELEPHONE LOG	University Hospitals Derby and Burt NHS Foundation T
BOOKING QH	B / SJH / OTHER		DATE
NAME			TIME
ADDRESS			BOOKING
			PARITY
UNIT NO		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	EDD / GESTATION
PRESENTING HISTO	DRY		
FETAL MOVEMENTS	NORMAL / DECREASED /	NONE	PREVIOUS EPSIDOES YES / NO
CONTRACTIONS	FREQUENCY	/10	LENGTH
PAIN	uance.		CONSTANT / INTERMITTENT
VAGINAL LOSS / DISCH	NONE / SLIGHT / MOI	FRATE / HEAVY	BLOOD GROUP
SROM	YES / NO	CLEAR / OTHER	TIME
SIGNS OF INFECTION			
REASON FOR CALL			
ADVICE GIVEN		тсі / і	DS / TRIAGE / GP / CMW / OTHE
RESPONSIVE CAI	RE GRADE:		

ADVICE GIVEN	TCI / C	OS / TRIAGE / GP / CMW / OTHER
RESPONSIVE CARE GRADE:		
999 / OWN TRANSPORT	SIGNATI	IRE
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RESPONSIVE CARE GRADE: [
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4 RD CALL ADVICE GIVEN	тсі / г	OS / TRIAGE / GP / CMW / OTHER
ADVICE GIVEN	тсі / г	OS / TRIAGE / GP / CMW / OTHER
	TCI / D	
ADVICE GIVEN RESPONSIVE CARE GRADE: [SIGNAT	URE
RESPONSIVE CARE GRADE: [SIGNATI TIME SE	URE
RESPONSIVE CARE GRADE: [999 / OWN TRANSPORT ARRIVAL TIME	SIGNATI TIME SE	UREEN BY MIDWIFE
RESPONSIVE CARE GRADE: [999 / OWN TRANSPORT ARRIVAL TIME	SIGNATI TIME SE	UREEN BY MIDWIFE
RESPONSIVE CARE GRADE: [999 / OWN TRANSPORT ARRIVAL TIME	SIGNATI TIME SE	URE

SEPSIS SCREENING TOOL ACUT	TE ASSESSMENT	PREGNANT OR UP TO 4 WEEKS POST-PREGNANCY
PATIENT DETAILS:	DATE: NAME: DESIGNATION: SIGNATURE:	TIME:
START THIS CHART IF UNWELL OR MEWS HAR RISK FACTORS FOR SEPSIS INCLUDE: Impaired immunity (e.g. diabetes, steroids, chemotherapy Recent trauma / surgery / invasive procedure	S TRIGGERED	
COULD THIS BE DUE TO AN INFECTION LIKELY SOURCE: Respiratory Urine Breast abscess Abdominal pain / distension	☐ Infected caesarean / perine☐ Chorioamnionitis / ndome	
ANY RED FLAG PRESENT? MEWS score is 8 or higher or any one of: Objective evidence of new / altered mental state Non-blanching rash / mottled / ashen / cyanotic Lactate ≥ 2 mmol/l* Not passed urine in 18 hours (<0.5ml/kg/hr if catheterises *lactate may be raised in & immediately after normal delivery	SEF START MATERNAL	FLAG PSIS IS SIX
ANY AMBER FLAG PRESENT? MEWS score is 5 or higher or any one of: Acute deterioration in functional ability Has had invasive procedure in last 6 weeks Temperature < 36°C Has diabetes or gestational diabetes Close contact with GAS Prolonged rupture of membranes Bleeding / wound infection Offensive vaginal discharge Non-reassuring CTG / fetal tachycardia >160 Behavioural / mental status change	This patient does not a lon't think this pat	CHARGE REVIEWS 13- WITHIN 60 MINS NEEDED, GIVE THESE E CONTROL WITHIN 3 H microbials require antimicrobials as: lent has an infection ppropriate antimicrobials
NO AMBER FLAGS = ROUTINE CARE /CONSIDER OTHER DIAGNOSIS		THE UK SEPSIS TRUST

SEPSIS 6 Care Bundle

Seek urgent review by senior Obstetric Registrar (ST3) or above/ Consultant and/or Anaesthetist

Consider transfer to Maternity HDU

If woman is still antenatal consider continuous EFM if appropriate

All actions to be completed within 1 hour Time & initials Reason not done / variance 1. Administer Oxygen Time: Aim to keep saturations >94% Initials: 2. Take Blood Cultures Time: Consider: urine, sputum, vaginal swab, throat swab, Initials: wound site swab, breast milk culture 3. Give IV Antibiotics Time: According to agreed maternity antimicrobial Initials: protocol 4. Give IV Fluids Time: If hypotensive / lactate >2mmol/l give 500mls fluid Initials: bolus. Ensure anaesthetist is involved with management of women with pre-eclampsia Time: 5. Check serial lactate VGB/ABG Initials: Time: 6. Measure fluid input and output Consider indwelling catheter. Ensure hourly fluid Initials: balance chart / HDU chart commenced Current antimicrobial guideline:

If admitted to maternity HDU consider input from critical outreach team



Obstetric Triage Proforma

Name: DOB:		Date and time Site: Date/time of		
PID: 0	Or Insert Label	Date/Time seen by Midwife:		
	Date/Time of Dr Rev Amber Midwife review within min, doctor's review w 60min from request de clinical scenario. Please tick below: Please tick below: Peducod fetal movement Petal heart rates 1100min Mid/moterate visginal bid macmoning (Freshield) Pre - existing diabetes wi Abnormal MEWS (Incl. w value) Provice 38degrees Provice 18degrees Suspected Choricomnion Team SPOM (Indiour (me only if concerns) Overt physical traums or Provinted signs of service	iew: 15 - 30 ithin 30 - for receiving white /2 yellow ion with sear ion - 160 / 90 - dill ion of the sear of th	ate/Time of Dr Review: reen Idwife review within 30 min om admission in triage, doctor's review within max 4hrs from equest (aim for within 2 hrs) I Reduced fetal movements with normal CTS I Medical Review may not be equied I Falls/Trauma (Follow Falls recedure) I Itching I UTI symptoms/vomiting/larrhoea/cough I Mild abdominal pain I Peripheral oedema I Postnatal: wound infection, eadache, voiding difficulty I Any other symptom not included in red/amber list	
Date/Time Dr review requested:	Date/Time Dr review	ed: A	Actions taken if delays:	
MW:	Sign	ature:		

Version 1: September 2023

Documentation Control

Reference Number:	Version:		Status: FINAL			
UHDB/PDC/08:21/P7	UHDB 1					
Version / Amendment	Version	Date	Author	Reason		
Amenament	1	2003	PDC Team.	New guidance		
			Dr J Ashworth - Consultant Obstetrician			
	2 May		PDC Team.	Review, merge & update		
		2011	Dr J Ashworth - Consultant Obstetrician	of guidance		
	3	Dec	Suzy Thompson – Midwife	Merge of PDC/PAU		
		2014	Chris Doherty – Specialist MW	guidelines & update		
	4	Sept	Suzy Thompson – Senior	Reviewed		
		2018	Midwife ANS Miss S Rajendran –			
			Consultant Obstetrician			
			Cindy Meijer – Risk			
UHDB	1	March	Support Midwife Suzy Thompson – Senior	Review / merge.		
65		2021	Midwife ANS	Includes Postnatal		
			Miss S Rajendran – Consultant Obstetrician	readmission from QHB		
			Jo Wallace – Matron ANS	guideline which is now archived		
UHDB	1.1	April	Sarah Ellement - ANS	Addition of obstetric triage		
Intended Recipients:	All staff w	ith respo	matron cross site nsibility for caring for women in	proforma RAG rating		
Training and Dissemi		штооро	risionity for caring for women in	111710		
			s/doctors / Published on Intran	et / NHS mail circulation list		
To be read in conjunc			gestation (O11) / Foetal Moni	toring in Jahour (E2)		
			nes (C6) / Severe Pre-eclamp			
(E1) / Reduced Foetal	Movemer	vements guideline (F4)				
Consultation with:	Midwi	Midwifery Staff				
Business Unit sign off:	Excep	tional ra	tification was sort for this urge	nt amendment		
	17/04	17/04/2024: Maternity Guidelines Group: Miss A Joshi				
	15/07	15/07/2021: Maternity Governance - Mr R Devaraj				
Implementation date:						
Review Date:	July 2	July 2024				
Key Contact:	Joann	Joanna Harrison-Engwell - Lead Midwife for Guidelines and Audit				