

# **Paediatric: Phenytoin**

Presentation:	Phenytoin s	odium 250 mg	in 5 ml injection		
Indication:	<ul> <li>Status epilepticus</li> <li>Prolonged convulsive epileptic seizure</li> </ul>				
Dose:	**If patient takes phenytoin as a regular medication (and they are likely to have taken it), consider taking a plasma concentration level and adjust the doses below accordingly ('top-up dose) or use alternative drug as per Prolonged Convulsive Epileptic Seizures or Convulsive Status Epilepticus guideline.  Loading dose by IV infusion**				
	Child <1 month – See NICU guideline. Child 1 month-17 years: 20 mg/kg (maximum dose 2000mg) if not previously on Phenytoin				
	Maintenance dose by slow IV injection or infusion:				
	Child <1 month – See NICU guideline Child 1 month – 11 years: 2.5-5 mg/kg twice daily Child 12-17 years: up to 100 mg 3 to 4 times daily				
Route of administration:	Intravenous injection or infusion into a central venous access device or large vein. Each administration <b>must</b> be preceded and followed by a sodium chloride 0.9% flush (given at the same rate as the infusion) to help to avoid contact with incompatible drugs and irritation of veins caused by the high alkalinity of the injection.				
Instructions for		1			1
preparation and	Weigh t Preparation Instructions			Administration	
administration:	<b>≤</b> 25kg	Syringe	Dilute with sodium chloride 0.9% to a concentration of 10mg/mL	Use SMART Pump	Give over 20 mins
	> 25kg	Dilute in 100mL bag of sodium chloride 0.9%	This will give a concentration of ≤10mg/mL	Use Evo Pump	Maximum rate 50 mg/minute
	<ul> <li>Give into a large vein through an in-line filter (0.22–0.5 micron)</li> <li>Administer at a rate no greater than 1mg/kg/min (maximum rate is 50mg/min)</li> <li>Reduce rate if bradycardia or hypotension occurs.</li> <li>Complete administration within 1 hour of preparation</li> <li>Avoid rapid flushing of IV lines which may deliver a bolus</li> </ul>				
	**Rapid infusion of phenytoin may precipitate cardiovascular collapse and/or central nervous system depression which may be fatal**				
	Observe syringe for crystallisation and signs of haziness before and during the infusion, do not give and/or discontinue infusions showing such an appearance.				
	Monitor ECG, heart rate and blood pressure during infusion				
	Observe for signs of respiratory and CNS depression				



Prescribing	QHB- Prescribe on Meditech		
	RDH- Prescribe infusion on paper drug chart		
Known	Do not infuse with any other medicines or infusions other than sodium chloride 0.9%. If using		
compatibility	the same line used to administer another infusion, flush the line with sodium chloride 0.9% (at the		
issues	same rate as the phenytoin infusion) both before and after giving phenytoin.		
Additional	Trough levels need to be taken after 7 days (for steady state to be reached)		
Comments:	Take trough sample immediately prior to next dose		
	Therapeutic range is:		
	Child 1 – 3 months: 6 - 15 mg/L (25 - 60 micromol/ L)		
	Child 3 months – 18 years: 10 – 20 mg/L (40 – 80 micromol/ L)		
	> Beware that IV phenytoin sodium is not bioequivalent to <i>all</i> oral phenytoin preparations some of which contain phenytoin as base, therefore see BNFc or contact a pharmacist for more information.		

Note: The contents of this monograph should be read in conjunction with information available in the BNFC and Medusa

#### References:

British National Formulary for Children accessed via <a href="https://bnfc.nice.org.uk/drugs/phenytoin/#indications-and-dose">https://bnfc.nice.org.uk/drugs/phenytoin/#indications-and-dose</a> Resource last accessed 24/07/23.

Phenytoin Hospira 50 mg/ml Injection BP, SPC, online: <a href="https://www.medicines.org.uk/emc/product/3794/smpc">https://www.medicines.org.uk/emc/product/3794/smpc</a> Last updated 2023. Resource last accessed 24/07/23.

Medusa, online: https://www.medusaimg.nhs.uk/IVGuideDisplay.asp Last updated 2022. Resource last accessed 24/07/23

CEWT Available online: <a href="http://www.cewt.org.uk/CEWT/Epilepsy-to-go-files/CEWT%20Prolonged%20Seizure%20guideline%202019.pdf">http://www.cewt.org.uk/CEWT/Epilepsy-to-go-files/CEWT%20Prolonged%20Seizure%20guideline%202019.pdf</a> Last updated 2019. Resource last accessed 24/07/23

Phenytoin: A Guide to Therapeutic Drug Monitoring online: <a href="https://journals.sagepub.com/doi/pdf/10.1177/201010581302200307">https://journals.sagepub.com/doi/pdf/10.1177/201010581302200307</a> Resource last accessed 24/07/23



## **Document control sheet**

GUIDELINE NUMBER	
AREA IN WHICH THIS MONOGRAPH APPLIES	Paeds

DIVISIONAL AUTHORISATION		
GROUP	DATE	
Paediatric monograph review group	27/12/23	

	AUTHORS	
Author	Position	Date
Written by:	Lisa Taylor, Paediatric Pharmacist	February 2016
Checked and transferred to new template by:	Sharon Conroy Advanced Pharmacist Paediatrics	June 2019

#### If review:

	Position	Date
Reviewed by:	Ellie Cheale	July 2023
Name	Pharmacist Women's & Children's	
Checked by:		December 2023
	Lamia Ahmed	
Name	Advanced pharmacist, Womens and	
	Childrens	

## Change history:

Changes Reference	Change details	Date
1	Paediatric information separated from NICU information by Harriet Hughes and checked by Sharon Conroy	December 2019
2	Presentation information updated by Harriet Hughes and checked by Naomi Gladwell	February 2020
3	Updated the references and added the full titles for other relevant guidelines. Added administration instructions in table.	December 2023
	Prescribing instructions for both sites added.	
	Changed max dose of loading to 2g as per CEWT	
	Compatibility information updated- avoid	